

# Temporal and spatial distribution of atmospheric Poaceae pollen in Catalonia (Northeast Spain)

Fabiana Latorre<sup>1,2</sup> & Jordina Belmonte<sup>1</sup>

1. Botany Unit, Autonomous University of Barcelona, Spain.

2. CONICET, Argentina.

# Catalonian grasses

- 296 grass species are cited of Catalonia<sup>1</sup>.
- They have an ubiquitous presence in the territory.
- One unique species is flowering all the year round: *Poa annua*<sup>1</sup>.
- Grass pollen is one of the most important cause of rhinitis and/or seasonal asthma in Spain<sup>2</sup>.
- In the Barcelona area Poaceae is the second taxa with allergenic significance, showing a pathogenic effect on the 35% of the patients<sup>3</sup>.

1. Flora PPCC, 1985.

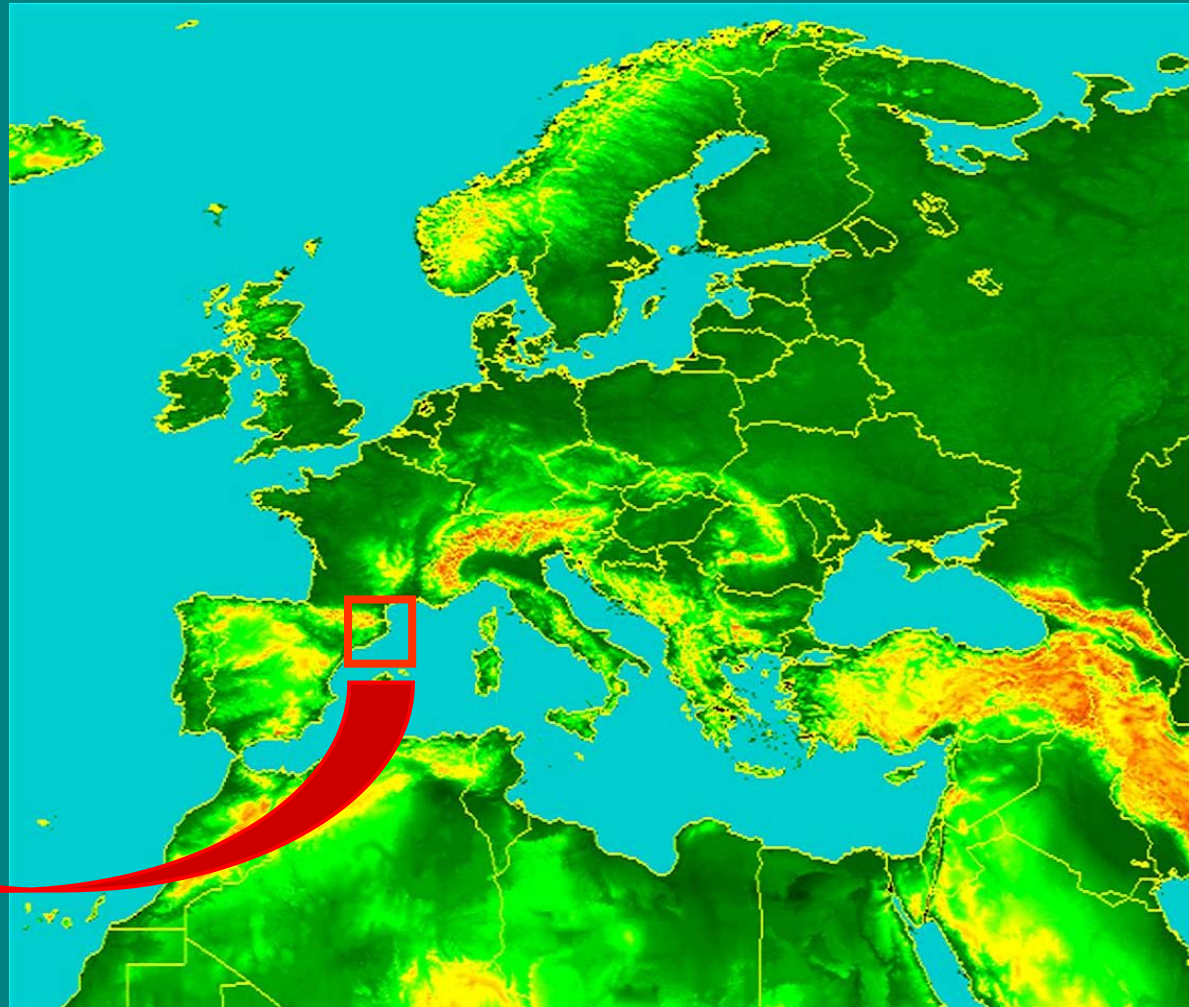
2. Subiza *et al.*, 1989.

3. Belmonte *et al.*, 1995

# Objectives

- To compare Poaceae airborne pollen data of a 8 years-period at 6 localities in Catalonia.
- To evaluate possible differences in pollen concentrations.
- To determine if the differences found could be associated to particularities in climate, biogeography or human activity.

# CATALONIA



# Geographical and Climatic characteristics

Locality	Altitude masl	Mean Annual Temperature °C	Annual Rainfall mm	Phytoclimate (Allue, 1990)
Barcelona	12	16.4	683	Fresh - Tethyc Semiarid
Bellaterra	190	15.2	594	Fresh - Continental Semihumid
Girona	70	15.0	740	Fresh - Continental Semihumid
Lleida	221	15.1	385	Fresh - Transicional Semiarid
Manresa	238	13.6	619	Fresh - Continental Semihumid
Tarragona	20	15.8	478	Fresh - Tethyc Semiarid

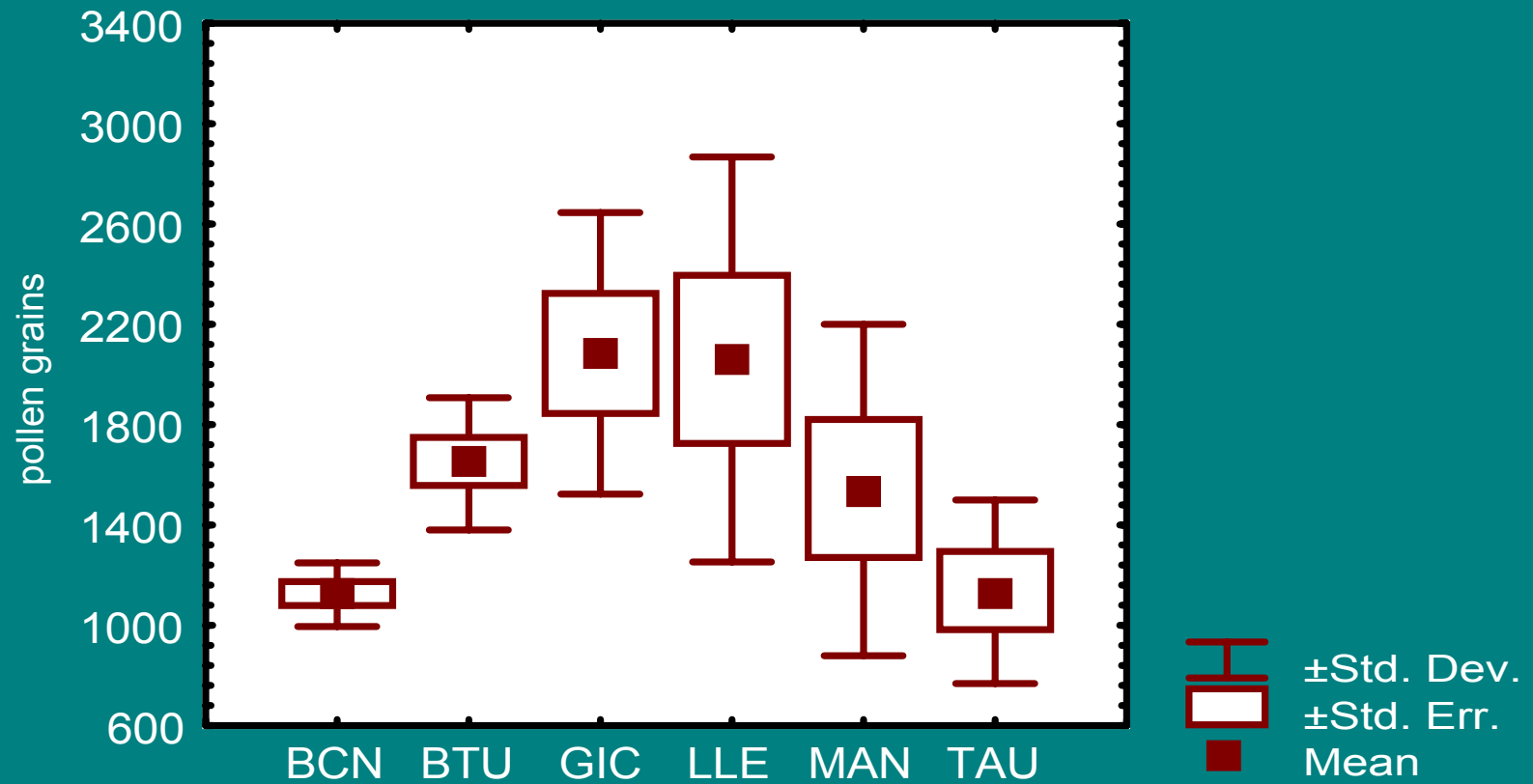
# Material and methods

- Study period: 1994-2001.
- Hirst volumetric sampling traps.
- Pollen counted following the Spanish Aerobiological Network methodology (REA).<sup>4</sup>
- Base pollen data expressed as **mean daily pollen concentrations** (p/m<sup>3</sup>).
- Other pollen parameters:
  - **mean weekly** pollen concentrations: average of the 7 mean daily pollen concentration corresponding to a given week.
  - **annual index** or annual totals: summation of the mean daily pollen concentration corresponding to 1 year.
  - Daily, weekly and annual **means for the study period**.
- Meteorological data was supplied by both the National Institute of Meteorology and the Catalanian Meteorological Services.
- Basic statistics, Correlation and Regression Analysis.

# Absolute and relative annual index

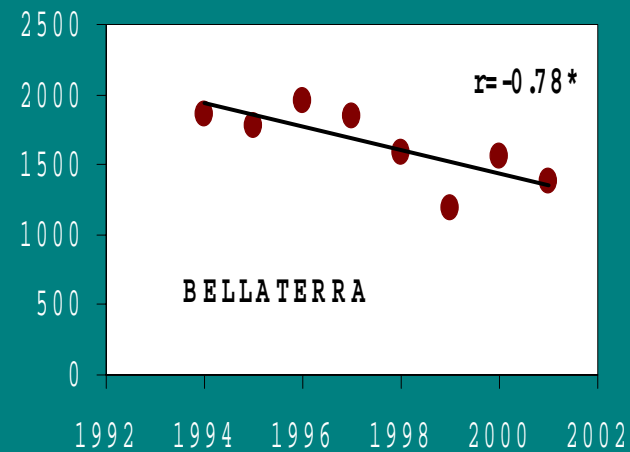
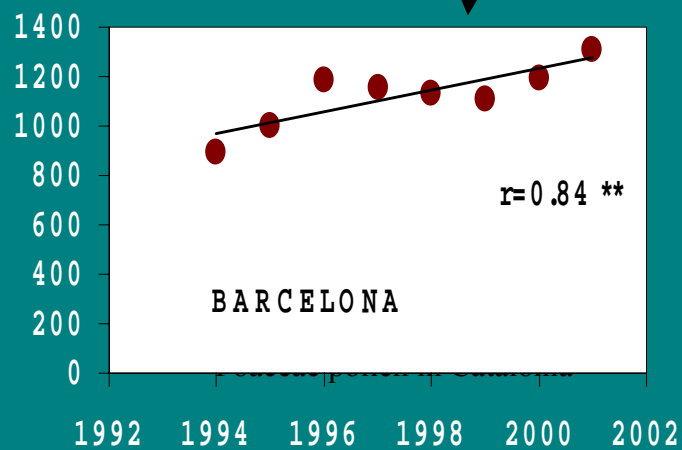
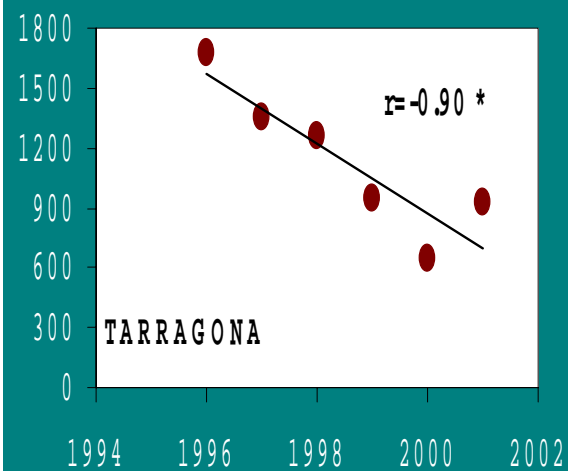
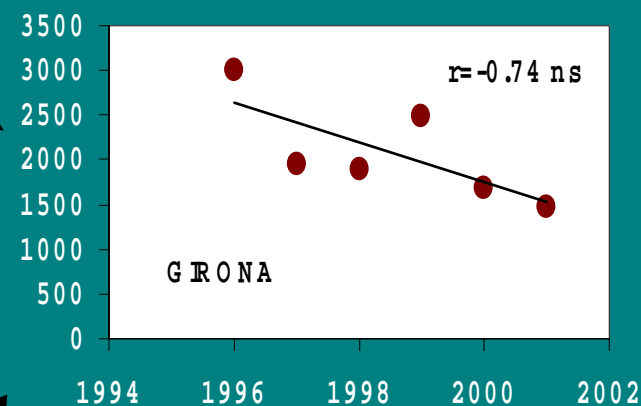
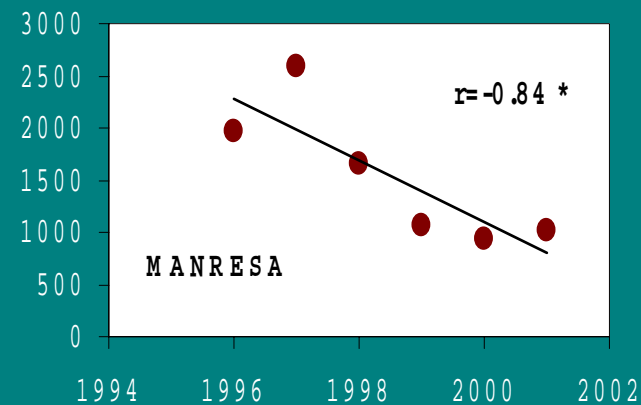
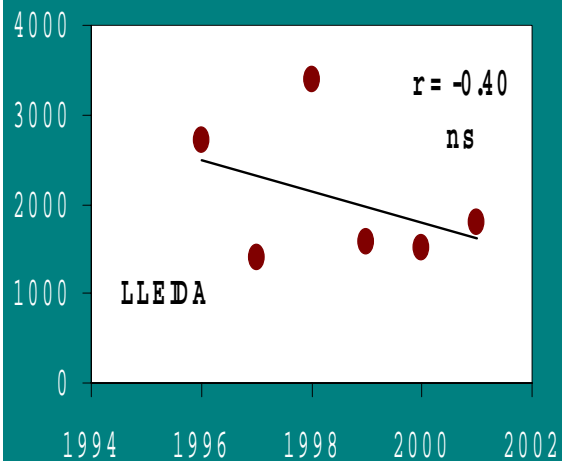
Locality	Minimum		Mean	Maximum		% of the total pollen	% of the non arboreal pollen
	Annual index	Year		Annual index	Year		
BCN	894	1994	1122	1311	2001	2.4	17.1
BTU	1193	1999	1644	1952	1996	4.7	24.4
GIC	1474	2001	2084	3000	1996	3.9	30.3
LLE	1394*	1997	2060	3391	1998	8.1	30.3
MAN	927 *	2000	1540	2594	1997	4.7	21.1
TAU	649	2000	1134	1673	1996	4.0	16.1

# Annual index





# Poaceae annual index tendencies

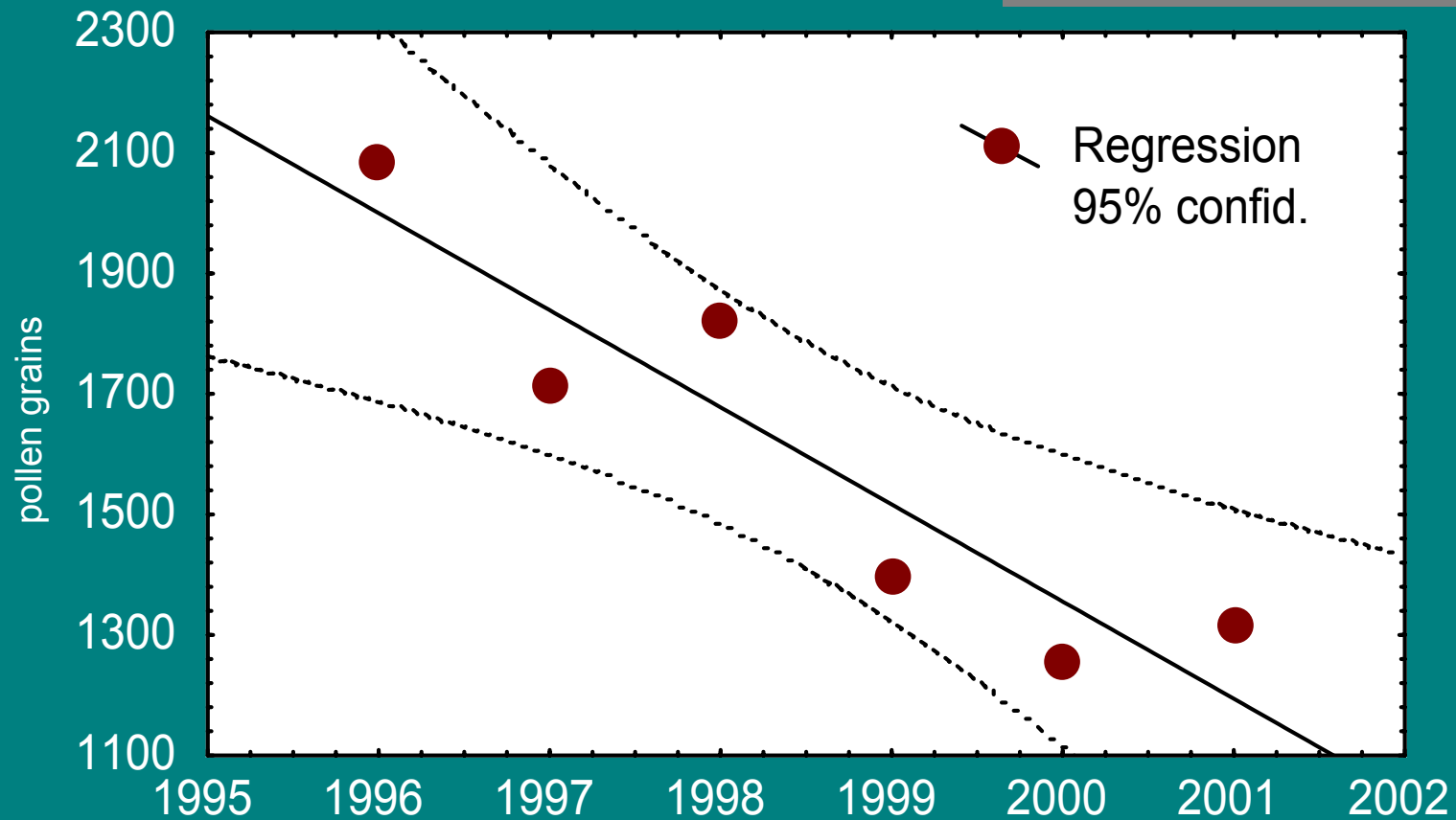


# General pattern of annual index

(for each year, mean annual pollen index of all localities)

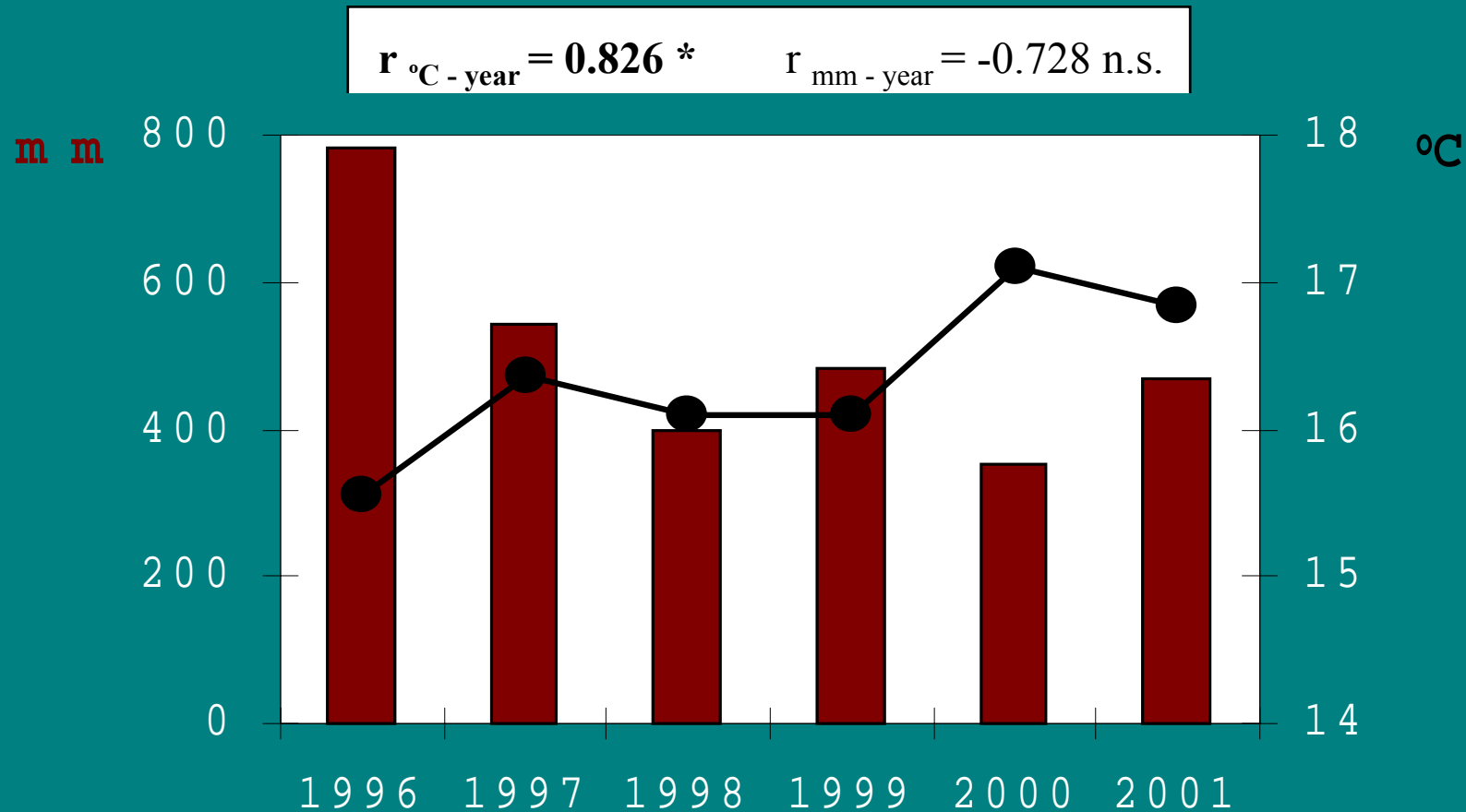
$r = -0.92^{**}$

$r = -0.455^{**}$   $n = 36$



# Catalonian climate tendency (1996-2001)

(for each year, mean values of all localities)

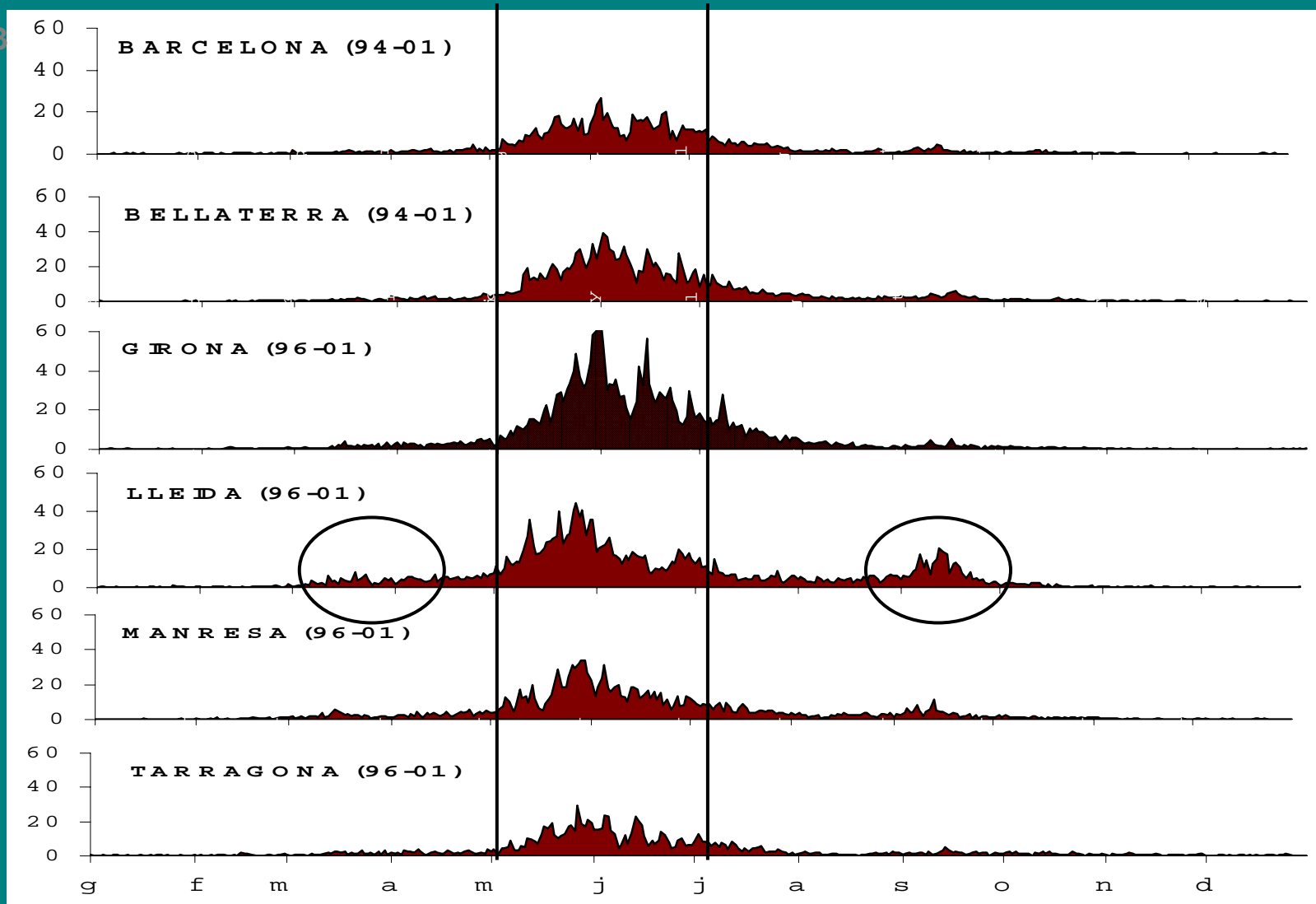


$r_{\text{pollen} - \text{°C}} = -0.86 *$

$r_{\text{pollen} - \text{mm}} = 0.737 \text{ n.s.}$

# Daily means during the study period

p/m<sup>3</sup>

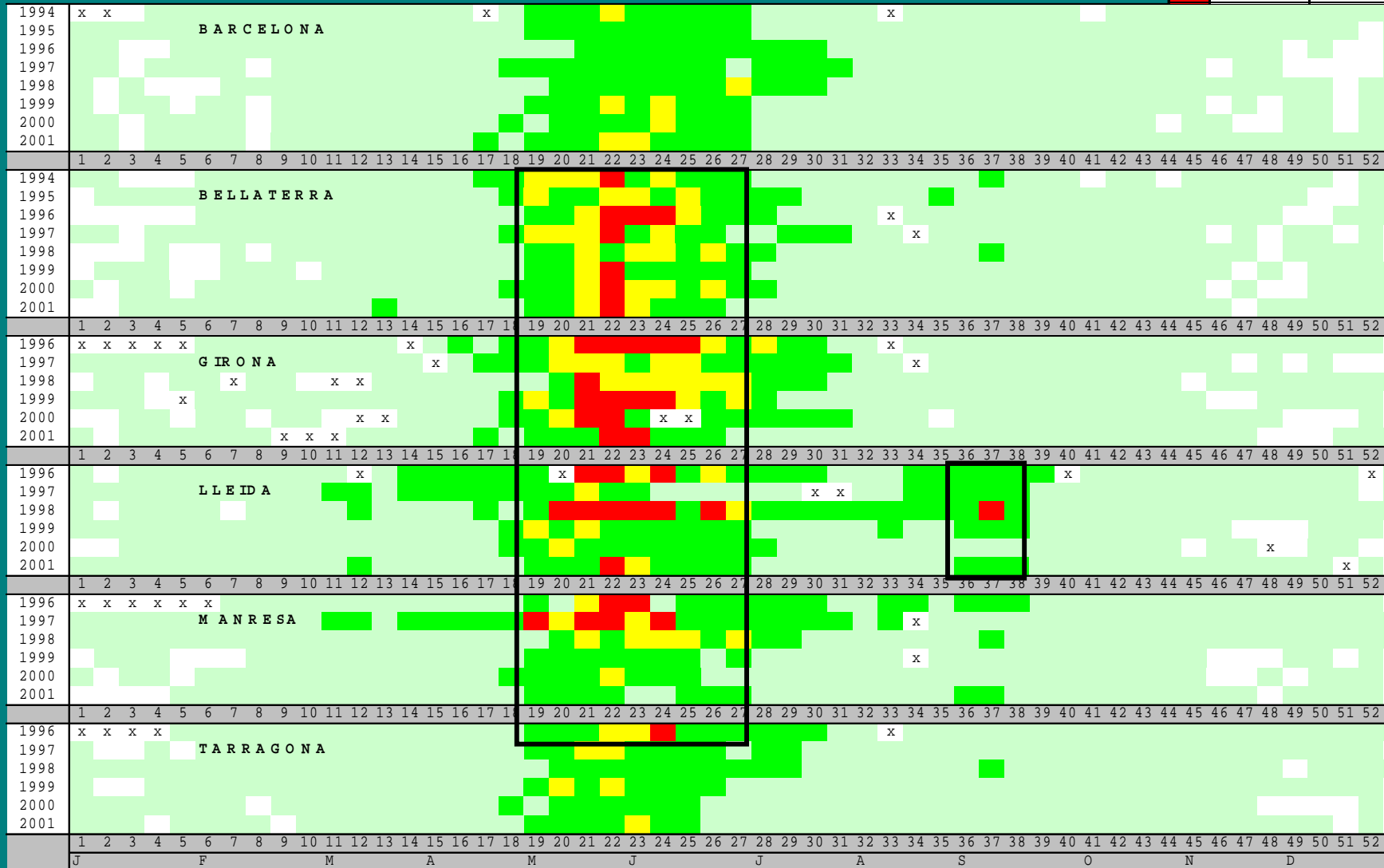


# Pollen and meteorological daily mean data

<b>BCN</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>
daily maximum	50,4	61,6	55,3	32,9	34,3	49,7	53,2	83,3
daily mean	2,9	2,7	3,3	3,3	3,1	3,1	3,3	3,6
stdv	5,7	5,5	6,4	5,5	5,6	6,4	7,4	7,8
cv	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,7	1,8	2,1	2,2	2,2
rainfallmm	1,3	0,8	2,3	1,3	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,1
T °C	16,4	15,8	15,7	17,1	16,9	16,8	17,4	17,9
<b>BTU</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>
daily maximum	91,7	93,1	84,0	90,3	46,9	68,6	81,2	53,9
daily mean	5,2	5,1	5,7	5,1	4,4	3,4	4,4	3,8
stdv	10,7	9,4	11,6	9,6	7,4	7,0	10,2	7,9
cv	1,6	2,0	1,9	2,0	1,9	1,7	2,1	2,3
rainfallmm	1,2	1,2	2,8	1,6	1,2	1,2	0,9	1,2
T °C	17,0	16,6	16,4	16,8	17,0	16,8	16,8	17,2
<b>GI C</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>
daily maximum			75,6	49,0	119,0	76,3	123,9	123,9
daily mean			5,8	6,0	7,1	5,1	4,5	4,4
stdv			9,7	10,6	15,6	11,6	13,3	13,3
cv			1,7	1,8	2,2	2,3	3,0	3,0
rainfallmm			2,4	1,5	1,6	2,0	1,5	1,7
T °C			15,4	16,1	15,6	15,8	15,9	16,5
<b>LE</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>
daily maximum			34,3	93,1	40,6	47,6	64,4	64,4
daily mean			4,1	9,5	4,4	4,3	5,1	5,0
stdv			6,0	15,3	6,7	6,7	9,7	9,7
cv			1,5	1,6	1,5	1,6	1,9	1,9
rainfallmm			1,3	1,4	0,6	1,0	1,1	1,0
T °C			15,0	15,6	15,1	15,2	15,5	16,6
<b>MAN</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>
daily maximum			76,3	58,1	34,3	35,7	32,9	32,9
daily mean			7,4	4,6	3,0	2,6	2,8	2,8
stdv			11,9	8,5	5,2	5,1	4,8	4,8
cv			1,6	1,8	1,7	2,0	1,7	1,7
rainfallmm			2,6	1,9	1,1	1,5	1,6	1,2
T °C			14,4	15,3	14,6	14,6	14,8	15,0
<b>TAU</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>1997</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>1999</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>
daily maximum			45,5	46,2	39,9	28,7	44,1	44,1
daily mean			3,8	3,5	2,6	1,8	2,6	2,6
stdv			6,2	6,1	5,5	4,0	6,0	5,9
cv			1,6	1,7	2,1	2,2	2,3	2,3
rainfallmm			1,4	1,3	1,1	1,2	1,0	1,5
T °C			16,4	17,2	17,4	17,4	17,6	17,7

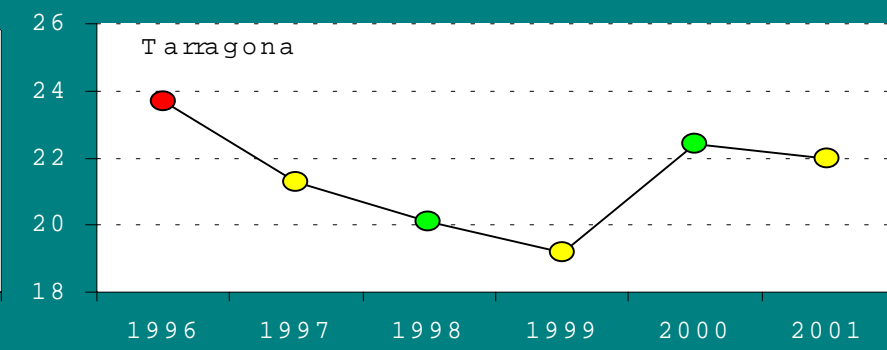
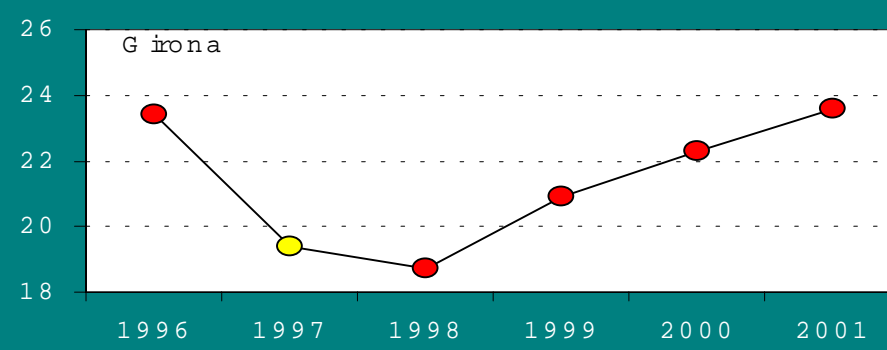
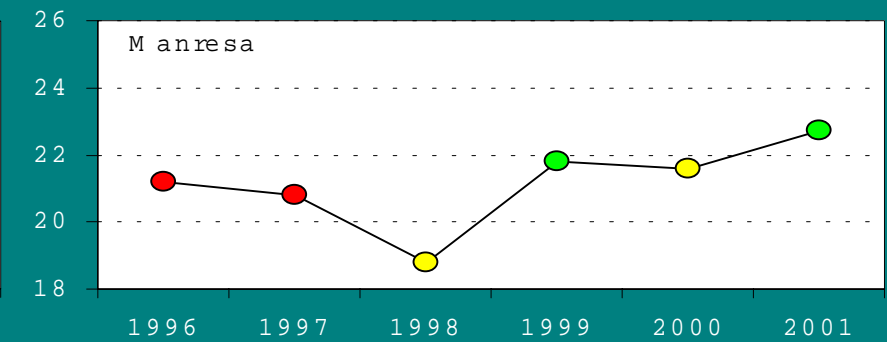
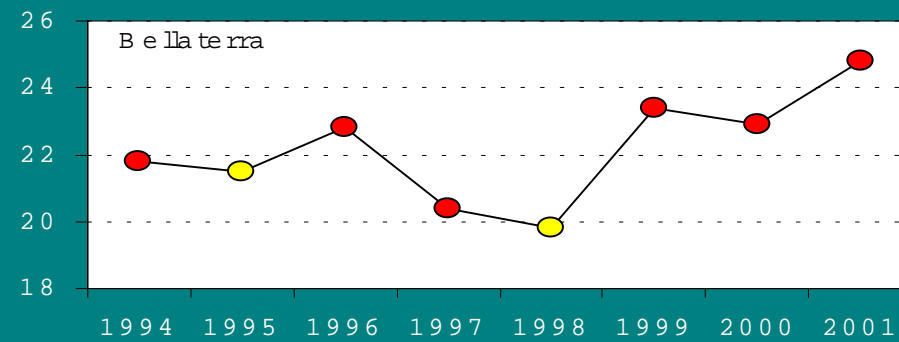
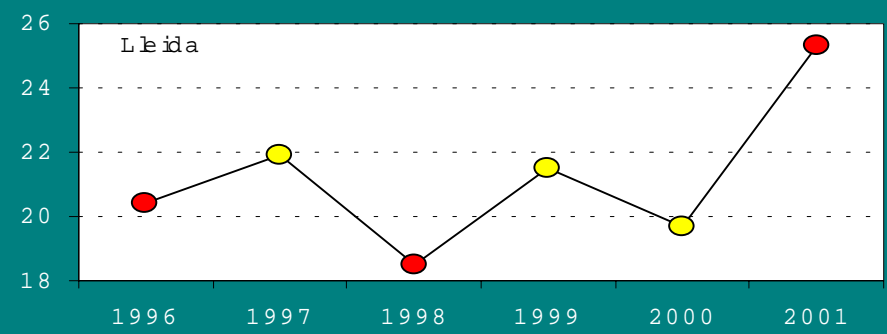
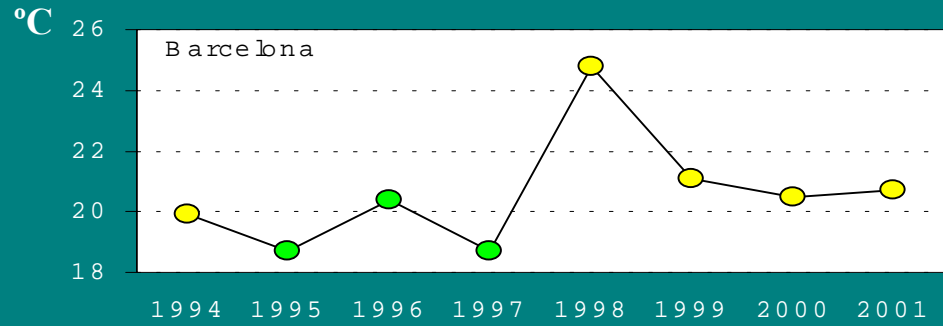
# ALLERGENICITY SCALE 5 (weekly mean pollen data)

x	no data	
0	null	0
1	low	0-4.9
2	medium	5-19.9
3	high	20-29.9
4	very high	>30



# Mean weekly temperatures corresponding to the yearly maximum weekly pollen concentration

0	null	0
1	low	0-4.9
2	medium	5-19.9
3	high	20-29.9
4	very high	> 30



7th ICA, Montebello, 2002

Poaceae pollen in Catalonia

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5. Belmonte *et al.*, 2000.

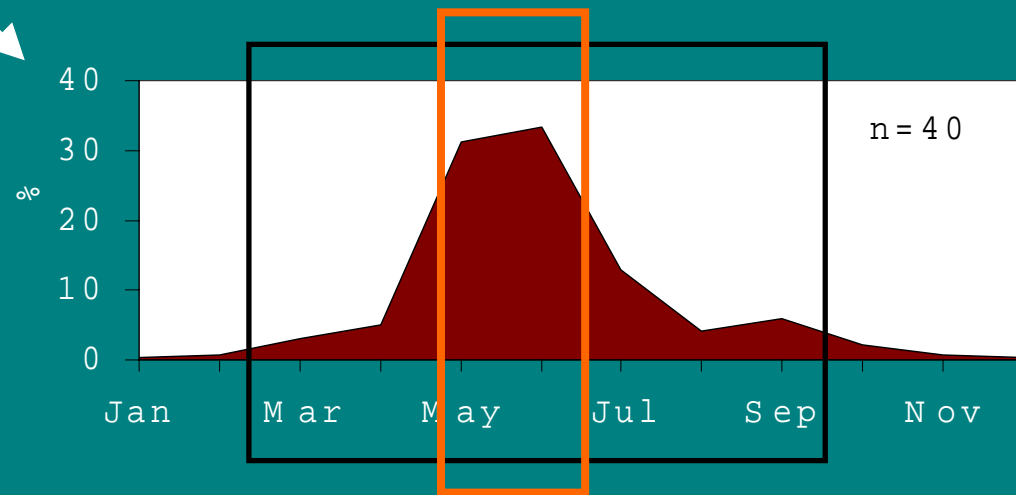
# Conclusions

## Spatial and Temporal distribution of Poaceae pollen

↓  
Decreasing annual index ranking



Diversity of species but similar behaviours



Pollen all the year round

Highest interannual variability in Lleida

Annual index decreasing tendency during the study period except in Barcelona



# Further researches

- To cross meteorological data and formalise grasses pollen dynamics.
- To cross clinical data and improve the allergenicity scale.
- To compare Poaceae pollen dynamics among Catalonia (Spain) and Buenos Aires Province (Argentina).

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